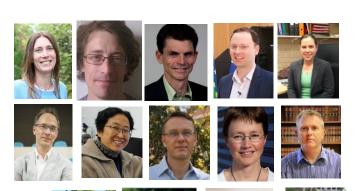




PART OF THE ANU GRAND CHALLENGE:

ZERO-CARBON ENERGY FOR THE ASIA-PACIFIC





















Net Zero by 2050

A Roadmap for the Global Energy Sector

'Most of the reductions in CO2 emissions through 2030 come from technologies already on the market today.'

'But in 2050, almost half the reductions come from technologies that are currently at the demonstration or prototype phase.

As the major source of global emissions, the energy sector holds the key to responding to the world's climate challenge.

https://www.iea.org/topics/net-zero-emissions

CC BY 4.0



May 2021

Emissions due to selected industries:

Direct emissions by sector (59 GtCO₂-eq)

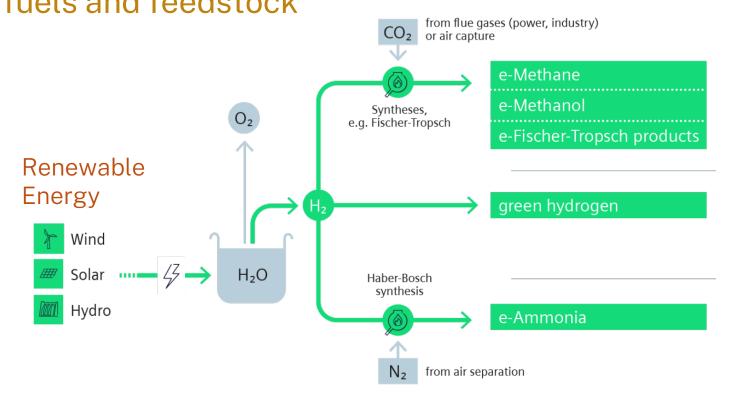


Shipping, aviation,~3% of 15% from transport

(own calcs from IEA numbers) https://www.iea.org/topics/net-zero-emissions



"Power to X" Linking renewable electricity with industrial fuels and feedstock



Carbon neutral chemical feedstocks and fuels

Displacing fossil fuels in a range of industries

Power-to-X: The crucial business on the way to a carbon-free world © 2021 Siemens Energy



'Green' Metals: decarbonising metal processing

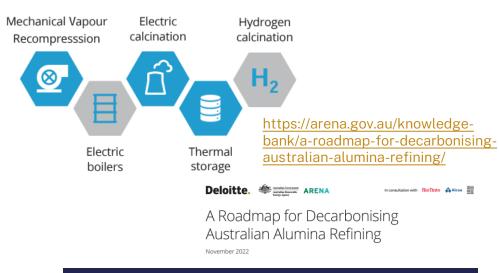
Iron and Steel



Using hydrogen instead of coal for the reduction of iron ore to iron and steel

https://www.industrytransition.org/green-steel-tracker/

Aluminium



Heavy Industry Low-carbon Transition Cooperative Research Centre

DE-RISKING DECARBONISATION FOR HEAVY INDUSTRY

Value-added clean energy commodities

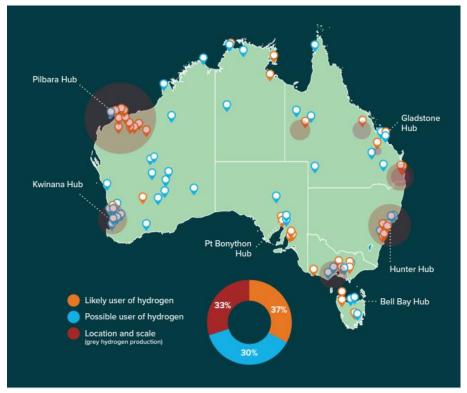


Figure 4: Location of Safeguard Facilities and potential to use hydrogen (Source DCCEEW analysis)

Target the decarbonisation of export focused industries:

- ammonia fertilizer, chemicals
- metals
- bunkering and aviation fuels
- chemicals
- mining



Competition: Global Solar Energy Potential

